

BurbankWaterAndPower.com | BWP Conservation (818) 238 - 3730 | BWPEVs@burbankca.gov

Residential customers may receive rebates to offset some of the costs of purchasing and installing Level 2 EV charging stations at their residence, including costs for electric panel upgrades.

You may apply for a rebate for up to two Level 2 charging stations per customer per residence, including rebates you previously received.

Please Do Not Apply If:

- You have already received a BWP rebate on two charging stations.
- You are a landlord, property manager, or building owner of a multi-family building and have your own BWP electric account. Please apply through BWP's Commercial EV Charging Station Rebate program instead. Learn more at
 - BurbankWaterAndPower.com/LeadTheCharge

The following maximum rebate amounts are available per charging station:

D- -- - | | | | -- -- - | -

Standard Chargers	Charger Rebate	Panel Upgrade Rebate
Residential Customer	\$200	Additional \$750
DAC Customer	\$300	Additional \$900
Smart Chargers	Charger Rebate	Panel Upgrade Rebate
Smart Chargers Residential Customer	-	. •

Step 1: Provide BWP Account and Residence Information

This section must match the BWP account information shown on your BWP bill for the residence where the charging station(s) are installed.

Name:	BWP Account Numb	oer:	
Phone: ()	Email:		
Service Address:	City:	State:	Zip:
Mailing Address:	City:	State:	Zip:
What address do you want your rebate check sent to? (The address selected must match the address on your W-9 form.)	Service Address	☐ Mailing Add	dress
Select this if you are a tenant at your residence an owner. Your landlord or property owner will be red		-	
What type of residence do you have? (check one):	Single-family	☐ Multi-family	1

Step 2: Provide Details on Third-Party Financial Incentives You May Have Received

BWP may collect and review public information in connection with any third-party financial incentives. Failure to report such incentives may result in forfeiting all rebates under the Program and may require repayment of any rebates previously paid by BWP.

I hereby certify that (check one):

No third-party financial incentives have been received or are anticipated to be received in connection with
the purchase and installation of the charging station(s) identified in this application.

Total of \$	n third-party financial incentives has been received or is anticipated to be received i	n
connection with th	purchase and installation of the charging station(s) identified in this application.	



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Step	3: Provide Charging	Station Cos	ts and In	fo	rmation		
3.1	Previous BWP EV Charging S	Station Rebates	(check on	e)			
	☐ I have never received a rel	pate from BWP	for a chargii	ng s	station at my curre	ent residence	e.
	I have previously received I am applying for a second			narç	ging station at my	current resid	dence.
3.2	Charging Station Informatio Provide the information for yo		ion(s) belov	N SC	o that we can dete	rmine a reba	ate amount.
	Charging Station #1	1	Г				
	Check one:	Check one:		_	de your electrical to install this	_	rging station a disadvantaged
	Smart Charging Station	Hardwired	charging s	tati	on?¹	community	? 2
	Standard Charging Station	☐ Plug-in	Yes		□ No	☐ Yes	☐ No
	Charging Station #2 (If Appl	icable)					
	Check one:	Check one:		_	de your electrical to install this	_	rging station a disadvantaged
	Smart Charging Station	Hardwired	charging s			community	_
	Standard Charging Station	☐ Plug-in	☐ Yes		□ No	☐ Yes	□ No
	¹ Panel Upgrade Rebate				² Disadvantaged	Community	(DAC)
	To qualify for a panel upgrade rebellectrical panel to one with a large with one of the same capacity or a	er capacity. Replacir adding a circuit to a	ng a panel		Verify whether your Community or not b https://calepa.ca.go	y viewing the r	map at
	existing panel does not constitute Additionally, you cannot receive without receiving a rebate for an	a panel upgrade re			If your residence is lo you are in a Disadva		
3.3	Charging Station Costs Please note that EV charging i Standards Code (CalGreen) ar 31, 2012, costs for panel capac assistance to determine if this	e not eligible. If lity increase and	building per dedicated o	mit cond	s for your residence duits should not be	e were filed included. If	after December you need

	Amounts
Cost for Charging Station #1	(A) \$
Cost for Charging Station #2 (if applicable)	(B) \$
Installation Costs	(C) \$
Permit Fees	(D) \$
Total Actual Costs (A)+(B)+(C)+(D)+(E)	(E) \$
Third-party Financial Incentives	(F) \$
Net Cost (E)-(F)	(G) \$



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Ste	Provide Requir	ed Documentation	
Ple	ase submit the following d	ocumentation:	
	This application, complete	d and signed.	
	of the licensed contractor,	f of payment. The invoices must show the state license number, installation address, i ation (including make, model number, and eived.	temized installation costs, and itemized
	The state of the s	signed (available at www.irs.gov/pub/irs-ch the account holder's name and address	
		ued after passing a charging station installa y for a Panel Upgrade Incentive, please also	
	Active DMV registration for	one EV showing the same Service Addres	ss identified in Step 1 of this application.
	Two pictures of each insta	led charging station.	
	Property Owner Permission	Form signed by your landlord or property of	owner (Only required if you are a tenant.)
Ste	5: Optional Time	of Use Billing Agreement for El	ectric Vehicle Owners
hou	urs to encourage customers prmation on these rates, visi	ate for Electric Vehicle Owners offers low to charge their vehicles when demand fo t BurbankWaterAndPower.com/electric/ me-of-Use (TOU) rate for EV owners. WP's time-of-use (TOU) rate for EV owner	r electricity is at its lowest. For more rates-and-charges.
Ste	6: Approve Terms	and Conditions for EV Chargir	g Station Rebate Program
Cha	arging Station Rebate Progr cumentation I have provided	hat I have read and understood the terms am printed on pages 4-5 of this applicati d are true and correct.	
Sig	nature:	Date:	
Ste	7: Email (preferred),	Drop Off, or Mail Application and A	All Required Documentation to:
Em BW	ail: 'PEVs@burbankca.gov	Drop Off: Burbank Water and Power 164 W. Magnolia Burbank, CA 91502-1720	Mail: Burbank Water and Power P.O. Box 631 Burbank, CA 91503-0631



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Terms and Conditions

The Residential EV Charging Station Rebate Program (the Program") by Burbank Water and Power (BWP) provides residential Customers rebates applicable against some of the costs of purchasing and installing qualifying electric vehicle (EV) charging stations.

Eligible Customers

The Program is open to all BWP residential Customers (Customers).

Qualifying Charging Stations

Qualifying Level 2 (240V) charging stations must meet the following requirements:

Charging Station Conditions: Qualifying charging stations must be purchased new and unused. Any units gifted, resold, rebuilt, rented, leased, received from warranty insurance claims, won as a prize, or new parts installed in existing units do not qualify.

Certification: Qualifying charging stations must be certified and listed by a nationally recognized testing laboratory (NRTL) as identified by the US Occupational Safety and Health Administration (e.g., Underwriters Laboratories or UL).

Installation: Qualifying charging stations must be permanently installed (either wall-, pole- or pedestal-mounted). The charging stations must be powered through electric service provided to eligible Customers by BWP. Stations that are not hardwired and plug-in to an existing outlet can qualify as long as they are permanently installed.

Network: Qualifying charging stations must have network/Wi-Fi capability and be addressable by an EV charging network participating in the Program (i.e., qualifying charging stations must be connected to the EV charging network at all times) to receive an additional smart charging station rebate amount. Customers must maintain an active subscription to any such EV charging network during the Service Period, as defined below. Customers authorize their EV charging network to share charging data with BWP from the rebated charging stations for no less than the Service Period duration, as defined below. Customers also agree to receive load management signals (including pricing and demand response events) from such a network.

Qualifying Electric Vehicles: Qualifying charging stations must be used to charge qualifying EVs, including on-road battery electric or plug-in hybrid vehicles approved by the US Department of Transportation for highway application and registered with the California Department of Motor Vehicles. Charging stations that charge off-road vehicles (e.g., golf carts, forklifts) are not qualifying charging stations.

Required Electric Vehicle: Applicants applying for a rebate through the Program must own or lease a qualifying EV registered as operational with the Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) at the residence where the qualifying charging station is installed.

Permits, Inspection, and Audits: All electric equipment necessary for the proper and safe installation and operation of charging stations must comply with all applicable requirements (including without limitation all required permits and inspections) from any codes, rules, and regulations from state, county, and city governments and any other restrictions from any other persons or organizations having authority, rights and/or privileges over such installation and operation (including, without limitation, property owners, and/or homeowner associations). Hardwired charging stations, newly installed 220-240V outlets for charging station, and any electrical panel upgrades must have received permits with a final status from the City of Burbank.

Other Technical Requirements: Qualifying Level 2 charging stations must support the SAE International J1772 Standard or North American Charging Standard (aka Tesla Charging Standard) with a minimum output power of 3.3 kW.

Eligible Installation Costs

Eligible installation costs are limited to direct costs for hardware, permits, and labor in connection with the deployment of panels, circuit breakers and meter sockets, electrical conduits, wiring, junction boxes, disconnects, switches, and fuses, together with trenching, resurfacing, and connecting qualifying charging stations. However, costs incurred for the purchase and installation of charging stations, electrical conduits and panels required by the Burbank Building Code are not eligible costs under the Program. Similarly, charging station operation and maintenance costs (e.g., extended warranties, service contracts, EV charging network fees) are not eligible costs under the Program. To qualify for a panel upgrade rebate, you must upgrade your electrical panel to one with a larger capacity. Replacing your panel with one of the same capacity or adding a circuit to an existing panel does not constitute a panel upgrade. Additionally, you cannot receive a panel upgrade rebate without receiving a rebate for an EV charging station.

Application and Rebates

Application Submission: The BWP Customer of record for the eligible premises must submit a complete and signed application along with all required documentation (as defined in the Program application) to BWP. Applications must be submitted no later than six months from the installation date.

Applications Processing: Applications are accepted on a first come, first served basis, and processed in the order received. Funds are limited and rebates are not guaranteed. BWP may waitlist applications if funding is anticipated to become insufficient. BWP may also suspend Program enrollment and stop accepting applications until additional funding is available.

Maximum Rebate Amount: Rebate amounts are subject to change at any time and may be greater or less than the value shown in a Program application. The rebate amount will be determined based on the total cost of the charging station(s) and eligible installation costs, minus any other financial incentives or rebates received or to be received from third parties for the purchase and deployment



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Terms and Conditions (continued)

of the charging station (the "Net Cost"). The rebate amount cannot exceed the Net Cost paid by eligible Customers. Failure by Customers to report to BWP all third-party financial incentives actually received or expected to be received in connection with the purchase and installation of qualifying charging stations may result in forfeiting any rebates under the Program and may require repayment of any previously paid rebates.

Rebate Limits: Customers may receive a rebate for purchasing and installing up to two qualifying charging stations per Customer of record per residence.

Documents: Applications received by BWP that do not meet the Program requirements will be considered ineligible for a rebate. BWP is not responsible for documents lost, destroyed, or delayed by the mail carrier. Submitted rebate applications and accompanying documents become the property of BWP. BWP may interpret documentation submitted by applicants at BWP's sole discretion.

Other Terms and Conditions

Service Period: Customers agree to maintain a subscription to an EV charging network participating in the Program for the lifespan of the charging stations rebated through the Program and ensure that the rebated charging stations remain connected to such EV charging network. Until BWP publishes the name of EV charging networks participating in the Program, all such networks shall be deemed participating for purposes of applying for a rebate under the Program.

On-site Inspections: BWP reserves the right to inspect the charging stations with reasonable notice before or after a rebate payment, but in no event later than on the last day of the Service Period. Customers agree to provide BWP's representative with reasonable access to the installation location during normal business hours.

Rebate Repayment: Customers shall reimburse BWP the rebates received through the Program on a prorated basis over the Service Period or shall otherwise forfeit any rebate payable under the Program if BWP: (i) is not allowed reasonable access to the charging stations for inspection purposes by an authorized BWP representative or is not allowed access to documents for any audit, (ii) determines that the deployed charging stations and their operation do not meet the Program's terms and conditions, (iii) determines that the Customer is not in compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations applicable to the operation of the deployed charging stations and (iv) determines that the Customer application is false, misleading or inaccurate.

Low Carbon Fuel Standard: In consideration for receiving rebates under the Program, Customers participating in the Program agree to assign all of their rights, titles, and interests under the Low Carbon Fuel Standard Program (California Assembly Bill AB 32), or any similar replacement program, to BWP as the fuel provider for the EV charging stations rebated under the Program. Participating Customers authorize BWP to generate and retain

ownership in any and all Low Carbon Fuel Standard credits in connection with such EV charging stations.

No Warranty: BWP makes no warranty and is not responsible for any representations, whether expressed or implied, including, but not limited to, the warranty of merchantability, fitness, performance, and longevity for any particular purpose, use, or application of the items or measures, manufacturers, dealers, contractors, or any other third parties, materials, workmanship, the quality, safety and/or installation of the items or measures, effects on pollutants, or any other matter with respect to the Program. Moreover, BWP shall not be responsible for the workmanship including quality of installation, or the installer's failure to comply with applicable safety standards as it relates to the installed equipment.

Data: BWP may utilize, without compensation, data generated by the use of the charging stations to improve BWP services, conduct studies, and for any other purposes in furtherance of BWP's operations. Such data may also be provided to third parties for research and grant purposes and/or as required by law.

Terms and Conditions: Implementation and interpretation of the terms and conditions of this Program are at the sole discretion of BWP, provided that if any of the foregoing terms and conditions are held invalid, illegal, or unenforceable by a court of law having jurisdiction, such decision will not affect the validity, legality, and enforceability of the remaining terms and conditions. The Program may be modified or terminated without prior notice.

Indemnification: To the fullest extent provided by law, Customer holds the City, its elected officials, officers, agents, and employees, harmless from all claims, demands, lawsuits, judgments, damages, losses, injuries or liability to Customer, to Customer's employees, to Customer's contractors or subcontractors, or to the owners of Customer's firm, which damages, losses, injuries or liability occur or which are connected, directly or indirectly, with Customer's application or participation in the Program or in connection with the design, purchase, installation, maintenance, operation, removal or use of eligible or deployed charging stations (Program Participation). Customer shall investigate, defend, and indemnify City, its elected officials, officers, agents, and employees, from any claims, lawsuits, demands, judgments, and all liability arising out of, directly or indirectly, any error, negligence, recklessness, or omission of Customer or any of Customer's officers, agents, employees, representatives, sub-Customers, or subcontractors, or the willful misconduct of Customer or any of Customer's officers, agents, employees, representatives, sub-Customers, or subcontractors, in connection with the Program participation.



Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Go to www.irs.gov/FormW9 for instructions and the latest information.

Give form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

Befor	еу	ou begin. For guidance related to the purpose of Form W-9, see Purpose of Form, below							
	1	Name of entity/individual. An entry is required. (For a sole proprietor or disregarded entity, enter the entity's name on line 2.)	owner's n	ame on lii	ne 1, and	d enter t	he bus	siness/o	disregarded
	2	Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above.							
Print or type. See Specific Instructions on page 3.	38	Check the appropriate box for federal tax classification of the entity/individual whose name is entered only one of the following seven boxes. Individual/sole proprietor	_	I. Check	Se		ntities, ictions	not ind on pag	, ,
Print or type. c Instructions		Note: Check the "LLC" box above and, in the entry space, enter the appropriate code (C, S, or P) classification of the LLC, unless it is a disregarded entity. A disregarded entity should instead che box for the tax classification of its owner. Other (see instructions)			Con		Act (F	_	Account Tax reporting
P ₁ Specific	31	If on line 3a you checked "Partnership" or "Trust/estate," or checked "LLC" and entered "P" as its ta and you are providing this form to a partnership, trust, or estate in which you have an ownership this box if you have any foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries. See instructions	interest,	check _	(A	pplies t outside			aintained tates.)
See	5	Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.). See instructions.	Reques	ter's nam	e and a	ddress (option	al)	
	6	City, state, and ZIP code							
	7	List account number(s) here (optional)	1						
Par	t I	Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)							
Enter	νοι	r TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on line 1 to a	oid,	Social	security	numbe	r		
backı reside	ip v	withholding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the instructions for Part I, later. For other t is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to ge</i>	for a	or	_		_		
TIN, la	ater				er ident	ificatio	n num	ber	
		he account is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1. See also What Name To Give the Requester for guidelines on whose number to enter.	and		-				
Par	t II	Certification				1 1			
		nalties of perjury, I certify that:							
1. The 2. I ar Ser	nu n n	imber shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for of subject to backup withholding because (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest ger subject to backup withholding; and	I have r	ot been	notified	d by th	e Inte		
3. I ar	n a	U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and							
4. The	F/	TCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting	ng is cor	rect.					
Certif	ica	tion instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that	vou are c	urrently	subject	to bac	kup w	ithholo	ling

because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and, generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions for Part II, later.

General Instructions

Signature of

U.S. person

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Future developments. For the latest information about developments related to Form W-9 and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to *www.irs.gov/FormW9*.

What's New

Sign

Here

Line 3a has been modified to clarify how a disregarded entity completes this line. An LLC that is a disregarded entity should check the appropriate box for the tax classification of its owner. Otherwise, it should check the "LLC" box and enter its appropriate tax classification.

New line 3b has been added to this form. A flow-through entity is required to complete this line to indicate that it has direct or indirect foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries when it provides the Form W-9 to another flow-through entity in which it has an ownership interest. This change is intended to provide a flow-through entity with information regarding the status of its indirect foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries, so that it can satisfy any applicable reporting requirements. For example, a partnership that has any indirect foreign partners may be required to complete Schedules K-2 and K-3. See the Partnership Instructions for Schedules K-2 and K-3 (Form 1065).

Purpose of Form

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS is giving you this form because they

Date

must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN), which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following.

- Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid).
- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds).
- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds).
- Form 1099-NEC (nonemployee compensation).
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers).
- Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions).
- Form 1099-K (merchant card and third-party network transactions).
- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), and 1098-T (tuition).
- Form 1099-C (canceled debt).
- Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property).

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

Caution: If you don't return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See *What is backup withholding*, later.

By signing the filled-out form, you:

- 1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued);
 - 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding; or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee; and
- 4. Certify to your non-foreign status for purposes of withholding under chapter 3 or 4 of the Code (if applicable); and
- 5. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting is correct. See *What Is FATCA Reporting*, later, for further information.

Note: If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;
- An estate (other than a foreign estate); or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301,7701-7).

Establishing U.S. status for purposes of chapter 3 and chapter 4 withholding. Payments made to foreign persons, including certain distributions, allocations of income, or transfers of sales proceeds, may be subject to withholding under chapter 3 or chapter 4 of the Code (sections 1441–1474). Under those rules, if a Form W-9 or other certification of non-foreign status has not been received, a withholding agent, transferee, or partnership (payor) generally applies presumption rules that may require the payor to withhold applicable tax from the recipient, owner, transferor, or partner (payee). See Pub. 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities.

The following persons must provide Form W-9 to the payor for purposes of establishing its non-foreign status.

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the disregarded entity.
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the grantor trust.
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

See Pub. 515 for more information on providing a Form W-9 or a certification of non-foreign status to avoid withholding.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person (under Regulations section 1.1441-1(b)(2)(iv) or other applicable section for chapter 3 or 4 purposes), do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Pub. 515). If you are a qualified foreign pension fund under Regulations section 1.897(l)-1(d), or a partnership that is wholly owned by qualified foreign pension funds, that is treated as a non-foreign person for purposes of section 1445 withholding, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use Form W-8EXP (or other certification of non-foreign status).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a saving clause. Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items.

- 1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
 - 2. The treaty article addressing the income.
- 3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- 4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
- 5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if their stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first Protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on their scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

Backup Withholding

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 24% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include, but are not limited to, interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third-party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester;
- 2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the instructions for Part II for details);
 - 3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN;
- 4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only); or
- 5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding, as described in item 4 under "By signing the filled-out form" above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See *Exempt payee code*, later, and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

See also Establishing U.S. status for purposes of chapter 3 and chapter 4 withholding, earlier.

What Is FATCA Reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all U.S. account holders that are specified U.S. persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See *Exemption from FATCA reporting code*, later, and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you are no longer tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account, for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; **do not** leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account (other than an account maintained by a foreign financial institution (FFI)), list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9. If you are providing Form W-9 to an FFI to document a joint account, each holder of the account that is a U.S. person must provide a Form W-9.

• Individual. Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

Note for ITIN applicant: Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040 you filed with your application.

- Sole proprietor. Enter your individual name as shown on your Form 1040 on line 1. Enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.
- Partnership, C corporation, S corporation, or LLC, other than a disregarded entity. Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- Other entities. Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. Enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- Disregarded entity. In general, a business entity that has a single owner, including an LLC, and is not a corporation, is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (a disregarded entity). See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2). A disregarded entity should check the appropriate box for the tax classification of its owner. Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the owner entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For

example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2. If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

Line 2

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, enter it on line 2.

Line 3a

Check the appropriate box on line 3a for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box on line 3a.

IF the entity/individual on line 1 is a(n)	THEN check the box for
Corporation	Corporation.
Individual or	Individual/sole proprietor.
Sole proprietorship	
LLC classified as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes or	Limited liability company and enter the appropriate tax
LLC that has filed Form 8832 or 2553 electing to be taxed as a corporation	classification: P = Partnership, C = C corporation, or S = S corporation.
Partnership	Partnership.
Trust/estate	Trust/estate.

Line 3b

Check this box if you are a partnership (including an LLC classified as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes), trust, or estate that has any foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries, and you are providing this form to a partnership, trust, or estate, in which you have an ownership interest. You must check the box on line 3b if you receive a Form W-8 (or documentary evidence) from any partner, owner, or beneficiary establishing foreign status or if you receive a Form W-9 from any partner, owner, or beneficiary that has checked the box on line 3b.

Note: A partnership that provides a Form W-9 and checks box 3b may be required to complete Schedules K-2 and K-3 (Form 1065). For more information, see the Partnership Instructions for Schedules K-2 and K-3 (Form 1065).

If you are required to complete line 3b but fail to do so, you may not receive the information necessary to file a correct information return with the IRS or furnish a correct payee statement to your partners or beneficiaries. See, for example, sections 6698, 6722, and 6724 for penalties that may apply.

Line 4 Exemptions

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space on line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

Exempt payee code.

- Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.
- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third-party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space on line 4.

1—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2).

- 2-The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.
- 3—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or territory, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities.
- 4—A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities
- 5-A corporation.
- 6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or territory
- $7\!-\!A$ futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.
- 8-A real estate investment trust.
- 9—An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940.
- 10—A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a).
- 11-A financial institution as defined under section 581.
- 12—A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian.
- 13—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947.

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for	THEN the payment is exempt for
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 7.
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 4.
• Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 ¹	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5. ²
Payments made in settlement of payment card or third-party network transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4.

¹ See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Information, and its instructions.

Exemption from FATCA reporting code. The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) entered on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

- A—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37).
 - B—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.
- C-A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or territory, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities.
- D—A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i).
- E—A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i).

- F—A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state.
 - G-A real estate investment trust.
- H—A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940.
 - I-A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a).
 - J-A bank as defined in section 581.
 - K-A broker.
- L—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1).
- M—A tax-exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan.

Note: You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

Line 5

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns. If this address differs from the one the requester already has on file, enter "NEW" at the top. If a new address is provided, there is still a chance the old address will be used until the payor changes your address in their records.

Line 6

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have, and are not eligible to get, an SSN, your TIN is your IRS ITIN. Enter it in the entry space for the Social security number. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note: See *What Name and Number To Give the Requester*, later, for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at www.SSA.gov. You may also get this form by calling 800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/EIN. Go to www.irs.gov/Forms to view, download, or print Form W-7 and/or Form SS-4. Or, you can go to www.irs.gov/OrderForms to place an order and have Form W-7 and/or Form SS-4 mailed to you within 15 business days.

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and enter "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, you will generally have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note: Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon. See also *Establishing U.S.* status for purposes of chapter 3 and chapter 4 withholding, earlier, for when you may instead be subject to withholding under chapter 3 or 4 of the Code.

Caution: A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if item 1, 4, or 5 below indicates otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see *Exempt payee code*, earlier.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below.

- 1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.
- 2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.
- **3. Real estate transactions.** You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.
- 4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third-party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).
- 5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), ABLE accounts (under section 529A), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
Two or more individuals (joint account) other than an account maintained by an FFI	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account ¹
Two or more U.S. persons (joint account maintained by an FFI)	Each holder of the account
Custodial account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
5. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)	The grantor-trustee ¹
 b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law 	The actual owner ¹
Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner ³
7. Grantor trust filing under Optional Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(A))**	The grantor*

Give name and EIN of:
The owner
Legal entity ⁴
The corporation
The organization
The partnership
The broker or nominee
The public entity
The trust

¹List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

- ³ You must show your individual name on line 1, and enter your business or DBA name, if any, on line 2. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.
- ⁴List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.)
- *Note: The grantor must also provide a Form W-9 to the trustee of the trust
- ** For more information on optional filing methods for grantor trusts, see the Instructions for Form 1041.

Note: If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records From Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information, such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax return preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity, or a questionable credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Pub. 5027, Identity Theft Information for Taxpayers.

²Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

Form W-9 (Rev. 3-2024)

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a systemic problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes. Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to <code>phishing@irs.gov</code>. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at <code>spam@uce.gov</code> or report them at <code>www.ftc.gov/complaint</code>. You can contact the FTC at <code>www.ftc.gov/idtheft</code> or 877-IDTHEFT (877-438-4338). If you have been the victim of identity theft, see <code>www.ldentityTheft.gov</code> and Pub. 5027.

Go to www.irs.gov/IdentityTheft to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and territories for use in administering their laws. The information may also be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payors must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividends, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payor. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.

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